# WHAT IS AN ALGAL BLOOM?

ALGAL BROOM

Algal blooms can be incredibly harmful to humans, pets, wildlife and the ecosystem. Here are some things to know about harmful algal blooms (HABs).

### THE ALGAL BLOOM LIFECYCLE

HABs can destroy critically important habitat on a massive scale:

A body of water is filled with microorganisms as well as nutrients like nitrogen and phosphorus.

Algae are a group of these microorganisms.



Algae photosynthesize to turn sunlight into energy and consume nutrients such as phosphorus and nitrogen.

Unless conditions change and nutrient levels are reduced, the ecosystem will be prone to another algal bloom.

START

The bacteria exhaust the water's oxygen and suffocate aquatic life. A dead zone is created.



With little to no oxygen in the water, fish, shellfish and other aquatic life die from hypoxia.

#### **DEAD ZONE**

With the right conditions and extra nutrients from sources like fertilizers, algae can multiply quickly and turn into a "bloom."

When algae die and sink, bacteria feed on the dead algae and multiply.



#### HARMFUL OUTCOME

Some algae contain and/or release toxins, which can poison humans, land animals, aquatic animals and plants.

TOXIC ALGAE

## THE MANY COLORS OF ALGAE

Common Algae and Their Potential Toxic Hazards







**Domoic Acid Creates** Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning\*

**Marine Mammals** 

Shellfish

\*In some cases, toxins can infuse the flesh of shellfish making them highly poisonous to humans.

### REFERENCES:

Environmental Protection Agency EPA: http://bit.ly/1Q366pw

Long Island Coastal Conservation Research Alliance LICCRA: http://www.liccra.org/

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution WHOI: http://bit.ly/2aYcaJm

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